

## IRELAND CONTINUES IN TURMOIL

### De Valera Is Defeated For Re-election as President

#### FOREST SERVICE ROAD PLANS MAY BE OVERTURNED

Curry Bill Would Authorize Diversion to Other than Forest Districts.

#### MIGHT CAUSE MATERIAL LOSS TO THIS SECTION

Under Proposed Law, Flory Admits Money Could Be Expended Anywhere.

That it is possible under the provisions of the latest Alaska measure introduced by Representative Charles F. Curry for all the \$1,200,000 Forest Road Fund to be expended elsewhere in the Territory than in the National Forest districts—the First and Third Divisions—is the consensus of opinion of all who have read that bill. The measure appeared in full in The Empire last Saturday, that being the first time all of its provisions were known to Alaskans generally.

#### Provisions Affecting Fund

The provisions affecting the road fund are found in sections two and three of the bill, which reads as follows:

"Sec. 2. That for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act any money heretofore or hereafter appropriated for the use of any such executive department shall be expended only for the purpose for which appropriated, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior: Provided, That all moneys heretofore and hereafter becoming available for the construction or maintenance of roads or trails in any part of the Territory of Alaska shall be expended, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, by the Board of Road Commissioners for Alaska without any restrictions as to the expenditures in certain areas."

#### Sec. 3. That all laws and parts of laws conflicting with the provisions of this Act are, to the extent of such conflicts, hereby repealed.

#### Flory Admits Danger

"There is no question in my mind that under such provisions power is conferred for diverting any part, or in fact all, of the money recently appropriated for expenditures on roads within or adjacent to National Forests in the Federal Highway Act, and to expend it anywhere within the limits of Alaska, regardless of whether or not it was on roads connected with the development of Alaska National Forests and towns whose prosperity and growth are affected by such development," declared District Forester Charles H. Flory. Mr. Flory's statement was made in a letter to the Bureau of Public Roads, who is at the head of the organization building roads from Forest Service funds. Both of these

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#### BRUTES! MAN'S SELFISHNESS IS AT FAULT FOR IMMODEST, FEMININE FASHIONS, SAYS WOMAN BISHOP; SHE TALKS STRAIGHT OUT

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—Responsibility for women's immodesty in dress has been placed squarely on man's cupidity by Bishop Alma White, head of the Pillar of Fire denomination. She told a Brooklyn congregation that man really "was the culprit behind the scene," and that all the low-necked and sleeveless gowns, the short skirts and gauzy stockings were outgrowths of his schemes for gain.

For selfish and mercenary purposes, she declared, man had forced woman out half-clad before the pub-

lic gaze to become the object of unkind remarks and criticisms. The bared neck, she asserted, was nothing less than a trick of the furrier and the jeweler.

The modern woman's neck and chest must be bared, she asserted, to give commercial tricksters an increased demand for their wares.

The length of the skirt, the amount of material to be used in her gowns, whether her neck should be bare or her sleeves long, were subjects women never were consulted about, she declared.

#### FEELING GROWS AGAINST EAST BY WESTERNERS

Propaganda in Central and Western States Against Washington, New York

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—John Barrett, former director of the Pan-American Union, who returned here to day after a three weeks' tour of Central and Western states, declared in a statement that "sinister propaganda, apparently emanating from Washington against both the purposes and success of the Arms Conference, was reaching the majority of the homes, especially those of foreign born families, through the mails."

"I was also impressed with the rapid-growing feeling in the Middle and Western states against Washington as the capital and New York as the financial center of the country," because of serious agricultural depression and New York's opposition to the Great Lakes waterway project.

#### AIRCRAFT LIMITATION

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The five-power committee of the Arms Conference decided today that it was impossible at the present time to limit the development or use of aircraft but the committee passed a resolution providing for an international commission to study the question with the view of future limitation.

#### High Official of Odd Fellows Passes Away

TORONTO, Ont., Jan. 9.—Joseph Oliver, Grand Sire of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, died here yesterday afternoon after an illness of three months.

#### Lost Washington Portrait Found Under Layer Varnish

NEW YORK, Jan. 9.—The discovery of the long lost ninth portrait of George Washington, painted by Gilbert Stuart, is announced by Hammond Smith. The picture was covered by several layers of varnish.

#### Philadelphia Lawyer Successor To Boies Penrose

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Jan. 9.—Gov. William C. Sproul appointed George Wharton Pepper, Philadelphia lawyer, to succeed the late Boies Penrose, United States Senator, until a successor is named at the election next November.

Pepper, who is 55 years of age, comes from an old Philadelphia family and is trustee of the University of Pennsylvania.

During the Senate's consideration of the Versailles treaty he debated the question here on the public platform with Senators Hitchcock and Pomerene.

#### HARVEY INJURED AUTO ACCIDENT

U. S. Ambassador Hurt in Accident at Cannes—Herrick Be Observer.

CANNES, Jan. 9.—United States Ambassador George Harvey was slightly injured in an automobile accident here today.

#### HERRICK ON JOB

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Ambassador Harvey notified the State Department he was only slightly injured in an auto accident today at Cannes and requested that Ambassador Herrick act temporarily as the American observer at the Cannes conference of the Allied Supreme Council.

#### TO DISCUSS REPARATION

BERLIN, Jan. 9.—Dr. Walter Rathenau, German financial expert, will head the German delegation to proceed to Paris, thence to Cannes, to appear before the Allied Supreme Council to discuss German reparation and other economic questions.

#### PREMIERS CONFER

CANNES, Jan. 9.—Premiers Briand and Lloyd George had their first long talk here yesterday on future relations of France and Great Britain. It is understood they went over very broadly all principal questions.

#### RUSSIA TO ACCEPT

LONDON, Jan. 9.—An Exchange Telegraph from Cannes declares the Russian Soviet government has accepted the invitation to attend the European financial economic conference.

#### National Forest Policy Bill Be Taken Up Now

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—Hearings on the Snell-McCormick national forest policy bill will begin today before the House agricultural committee. The bill provides fire prevention work, reforestation and for buying land.

George S. Long of Tacoma, of the National Lumber Manufacturers' Association, will be among those to be heard by the committee.

#### To Raise \$10,000 to Bring Goethals to Spokane City

SPOKANE, Wash., Jan. 9.—Plans and means for raising \$10,000 necessary to bring General Goethals, Panama Canal builder, to this section of the country to make an engineering survey of the Columbia Basin project is being discussed today at a special meeting. Those at the meeting are the members of the Columbia Basin project committee of the Spokane Chamber of Commerce.

#### THEY SIGNED THE IRISH-ENGLISH PEACE TREATY.



Here are the first and exclusive photographs of a historical event. Happy and smiling, the King of England and his councillors emerged from the meeting with Ireland's delegates at London, where the Free State of Ireland was agreed on. The top photograph shows, left to right: Earl Curzon, Lloyd George, King George, Lord Birkenhead, and Austen Chamberlain. Below is shown the Sinn Fein delegates. Left to right, they are: Michael Collins, Arthur Griffith, Gavan Duffy and Mr. Barton.



#### Drink Varnish Believing it Sacramental Wine

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Jan. 9.—Ten elders of the Seventh Reform Church were poisoned at the morning service yesterday when they drank varnish poured into a communion cup in the belief it was sacramental wine. Two of the elders are expected to die.

#### NEWBERRY SAYS HE IS INNOCENT

Declares in Speech Made in Senate that He Has Done Nothing Unlawful.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—United States Senator Truman H. Newberry, addressing the Senate this afternoon, made a sweeping declaration of his innocence and denied that he had personal knowledge of the collection or expenditure of large sums of money to secure his election.

"As God is my witness I am to this day and hour conscious of having done nothing in connection either with the primary campaign or my election of a single act that was or is unlawful, dishonorable or corrupt. I say this without reservation or qualification," declared Senator Newberry.

After Newberry had finished speaking he submitted to questioning from the Democrat side conducted by Senator Walsh, of Montana.

From the beginning to the end of Newberry's statement, unusual silence pervaded the Senate Chamber.

#### Soldiers' Bonus Bill Likely to Be Enacted

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—A general agreement for the enactment of a soldiers' bonus bill at the session of Congress is understood to have been reached at the conclusion of the White House dinner Saturday night. This dinner preceded a conference between President Harding and Senators and credit members.

#### PARTY SOLIDARITY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—A move toward party solidarity and an effort to find ways and means for increasing the efficiency of the Republican party in Congress was the two-fold purpose of the dinner at the White House last Saturday night according to information gleaned today.

An early assembly of the Republicans of the Senate will also be the result of the dinner, this assembly to reconcile differences over the form of legislation for refunding the Allied debt.

#### Chronology of Ireland's Long Struggle For Peace

The following is a chronology of important events in Ireland from the Easter rebellion of 1916 up to the truce of July 11, 1921, between the Sinn Fein and crown forces and the negotiations between Premier Lloyd George, Sir James Craig of Ulster and Eamonn de Valera, the Irish Republican leader, looking to the establishment of peace:

- 1916
  - April 25—Revolt in Dublin; 180 civilians killed and 614 wounded; Sinn Fein or Irish Republican flag raised over Dublin postoffice; Ireland proclaimed a republic and Patrick Pearse designated Provisional President.
  - April 30—Martial law declared; revolutionaries driven out of St. Stephen's Green; 707 prisoners, including the Countess Markievicz, taken by crown forces. Property damage estimated at \$10,000,000.
  - May 2—Seven Dublin leaders, including Provisional President Pearse, executed. Sixteen are sent to prison for life.
  - May 11—Seven more Sinn Fein leaders executed; 79 sent to prison and 1,706 deported; 49,000 British troops sent to Ireland.
  - May 17—Sir Roger Casement tried for high treason; hanged in Pentonville Prison on August 3.
- 1917
  - Oct. 10—Lloyd George in House of Commons charges plot for new Irish revolt to be aided by Von Bernstorff.
- 1918
  - June 21—Irish republic formally proclaimed by Dail Eireann or Irish Parliament in Dublin.
- 1919
  - June 29—Sinn Feiners burn British flag in Dublin street; similar demonstrations in other Irish cities.
  - Sept. 12—Suppression of Dail Eireann and all other Sinn Fein organizations ordered by British government.
  - Dec. 19—Viscount French, lord lieutenant of Ireland, ambushed while traveling along country road; escapes assassination; one killed, two wounded.
- 1920
  - March 21—Thomas Mac Curtain, lord mayor of Cork, shot to death and Mrs. Mac Curtain wounded by armed men in their home; 15,000 followed body to the grave.
  - June 6—British troops in Ireland increased to 60,000.
  - Aug. 15—Lord Mayor MacSwiney of Cork and 19 Sinn Fein associates, convicted of sedition, start hunger strike in Brixton Prison.
  - Sept. 21—Barrabriggan wrecked and burned by raiders; \$1,000,000 loss.
  - Oct. 25—Lord Mayor MacSwiney dies on 74th day of his hunger strike.
  - Dec. 21—House of Commons passes new home rule bill providing for Northern and Southern Parliaments in Ireland and giving both factions three and one-half years to accept.
- 1921
  - Jan. 18—David Kent, Sinn Fein member of British Parliament, is arrested; 17 Sinn Fein M. P.'s now in jail.
  - March 3—Lloyd George says he is willing to meet Irish representatives in a peace parley, but bars "guilty Sinn Feiners."
  - March 7—Michael O'Callaghan, former Mayor of Limerick, shot dead in bed by masked men.
  - March 14—Six more Irish prisoners executed in Mountjoy Prison.
  - June 22—Fifteen thousand additional British troops sent to Ireland; King George opens Ulster Parliament and pleads for an end of strife.
  - June 25—British announce martial law will be extended throughout Ireland on July 12 unless Sinn Feiners agree to settlement.
  - July 9—Lloyd George invites De Valera and Sir James Craig to confer with him in London.
  - July 11—Crown and Sinn Fein forces agree to truce and stop all hostilities at noon pending outcome of parley in London.
  - Dec. 5—Final agreement reached giving autonomous government to Free State of Ireland.
- 1922
  - Jan. 6—Eamonn de Valera resigns as President of the Irish Republic.
  - Jan. 7—Dail Eireann ratifies peace treaty.

#### PRESIDENCY OF IRELAND STILL MOOTED ISSUE

De Valera Formally Hands in Resignation and Then Fails of Re-Election.

#### GREAT ANXIETY OVER STATEHOOD PREVAILS

Transfer of Powers of Administration Depends Upon Trend of Affairs.

BULLETIN—DUBLIN, Jan. 9.—This evening Michael Collins nominated Arthur Griffith to be President of the Irish Free State to succeed de Valera.

BULLETIN—DUBLIN, Jan. 9.—The Dail Eireann this afternoon defeated by a vote of 58 to 60 the motion to re-elect de Valera as President.

#### NOMINATES DE VALERA.

DUBLIN, Jan. 9.—When the Dail Eireann reconvened here this morning Eamonn de Valera formally resigned the presidency of the Irish Republic.

Mrs. Thomas Clarke immediately moved that de Valera be re-elected. Michael Collins said he had no objection to de Valera's re-election but if he was re-elected the Dail Eireann would become the laughing stock of the entire world.

#### Cry for Republic.

A number of the members of the Dail Eireann who voted for the ratification of the peace treaty, failed to attend the morning session today and there was an evident desire on the part of de Valera's supporters to expedite the vote on his re-election.

This afternoon, the anti-de Valera men attended the session and practically a full membership was present when the final vote was taken on the presidency.

The situation up until the final vote was cast was critical and confused. There was much cheering and booing of members as they issued from the session.

Many young Irishmen shouted: "Up with the Republic!"

#### FUTURE OBSCURE.

DUBLIN, Jan. 9.—Despite ratification of the Anglo-Irish peace treaty and prayers of thanksgiving in all churches in Ireland yesterday, Ireland continues to face disorganization. This condition gives rise to the greatest anxiety.

The split in the Dail Eireann has been heightened and intensified and the future was never more obscure than now.

#### TRANSFER SOON.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—The transfer of the administrative powers of the new Southern Ireland government will be arranged immediately.

A committee of British ministers is expected to take up the work today but the actual date of transfer depends upon the events of the next few days in Ireland.

Arthur Griffith and Michael Collins will probably come to London to assist in the operation.

#### TEXT OF TREATY

A partial text of the treaty between Great Britain and the Free State of Ireland is as follows:

Article I.—Ireland shall have the same constitutional status in the community of nations known as the British Empire as the Dominion of Canada, the Commonwealth of Australia, the Dominion of New Zealand and the Union of South Africa, with a parliament having powers to make laws for peace and order and good government in Ireland and an executive responsible to that parliament, and shall be styled and known as the Irish Free State.

Article II.—Subject to provisions hereinafter set out, the position of the Irish Free State in relation to the imperial parliament, the govern-

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#### Nicking Dad For \$150,000 But King George Willing

LONDON, Jan. 9.—In spite of the comparative poverty of the British royal family, due to the excessive increase in the cost of living, it was learned that the wedding of Princess Mary to Viscount Lascelles is to cost nearly \$150,000. It will be the costliest function of its kind since the wedding of King George.

The largest single item of expense will be the floral decorations in St. James chapel. They will cost \$10,000, which is exactly double the figure paid at the wedding of King George and Queen Mary.

Next comes the fee payable to the Archbishop of Canterbury, who will read the greater part of the wedding service. Five thousand dollars will be his share of the royal bounty with three additional clergymen receiving \$1,000 each. The service also will be fully choral and each chorister will receive \$250.

The organist is to get \$1,000 for playing the wedding march, with an additional \$2,500 distributed among sextons, vergers and bell ringers. The fixing of these fees has been en-

tirely in the hands of King George. He has ordered a 50 per cent increase over the amounts paid at his own wedding.

These items form but a part of the expense. Another example is the decree giving to the coachman who drives the royal bride to the church \$1,000 for his efforts. The footman also gets \$500 and servants will get from \$50 to \$100.

One of the interesting items is that of the wedding cake to be made by the chief pastry cook at Buckingham Palace. He already has submitted two estimates to the King, the lowest being \$1,200.

It is understood that Lascelles, being so wealthy, has agreed to pay half the cost of the wedding. One of his gifts to his bride will be \$25,000, the cost of her trousseau, and he has already settled \$250,000 upon her.

Her wedding gown is being woven at the Ancient Hantsig Works, in Braintree. The train will be pure spun silk, ivory colored, and shot with real silver. The process of spinning is so slow that only three inches are spun a day.